VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

WITH REPORT ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Page <u>Number</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information):	3 - 9
Basic Financial Statements:	10
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	11
Statement of Net Position	11 12 - 13
Statement of Activities	12 - 13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	44.45
Balance Sheet	14 - 15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	16 18 - 19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	10 - 19
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Proprietary Fund:	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	22
Statement of Cash Flows	23
Notes to Financial Statements	25 - 53
Required Supplementary Information:	54
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	55
Schedule of Contributions - Defined Benefit Pension Plans	56
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	30
General Fund	57
Menifee Landscape Maintenance District	58
Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District	59
French Valley Landscape Maintenance District	60
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	61
Schedule of funding progress for OPEB	62
Other Supplementary Information:	63
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds	64 - 65
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds	66 - 67



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District Hemet, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as the accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and State Regulations governing Special Districts.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 and 14 to the basic financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". The adoption of these standards required retrospective application resulting in a \$2,470,160 and \$99,443 reduction of previously reported net position in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of funding progress, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions – defined benefit pension plans, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Carlsbad, CA

February 18, 2016

White Nelson Diehl Grans UP

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015

This section of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District's annual financial report presents an analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015

- The assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2014-2015 the fiscal year by \$71,806,025 (net position). Of this amount, \$11,196,098 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, and \$56,681,961 is invested in capital assets net of related debt.
- As of June 30, 2015 the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,550,016. \$3,405,409 is available to meet the District's General Fund current and future needs (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year, nonspendable and unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,474,778 or 62.6% of total general fund expenditures.
- The District has one lease financing agreement for long-term debt with a remaining balance of \$836,012 at June 30, 2015.
- The District has a loan from the Eastern Municipal Water District with a remaining balance of \$167,352 at June 30, 2015.
- The district adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board's Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

The primary objective of GASB 68 is to address the accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. The District has these type of pension plans for its employees. GASB 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures on the District's financial statements. In addition, GASB 68 requires that notes to financial statements include descriptive information, such as the types of benefits provided and the number and classes of employees covered by the benefit (See Note 6). The requirements of this Statement will improve the decision-usefulness of the information in the District's financial reports and will enhance its value for assessing accountability by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense.

For the District and most local governments, the recognition of the pension liability on the financial statements is a significant change that adds a new liability comparable to or even greater than the local government's long-term municipal bond obligations. In order to implement Statement No. 68, a prior period adjustment was made to decrease the July 1, 2014 net position of the governmental activities and the business type activities by \$2,470,160 and \$99,443, respectively.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components, government – wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also includes additional required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government – Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources and the obligations to District creditors. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the District are recreational and park activities. The business type activities are golf course activities.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2015

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. The funds of the District are: governmentalfunds and governmentalfunds</

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for when the district charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it provides, these services are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The District uses a proprietary fund to report its golf course activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information and other supplementary information which can be found on pages 63-67 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final expenditures at year-end were only \$58,135 less than the final budget. This budget to actual variance was primarily due to the increased cost control efforts implemented by the District. Actual revenues compared to the final budget were up only \$16,511. Despite the economic downturn, the District showed a small increase in revenues and a small decrease in expenditures compared to budget. This is realized through the District's efficient operations, utility cost management, consolidating job duties and personnel realignment.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2015

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position Fiscal Years June 30, 2014 and 2015

	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	To	otal
	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015
Assets:						
Current and other Assets	\$ 17,872,150	\$ 19,531,664	\$ (979,228)	\$ (1,069,440)	\$ 16,892,922	\$ 18,462,224
Capital Assets	53,042,972	57,740,552	1,061,356	1,029,773	54,104,328	58,770,325
Total Assets	70,915,122	77,272,216	82,128	(39,667)	70,997,250	77,232,549
Deferred Outflows of Resource	es:					
Deferred amounts from pension	-	316,542	-	12,743	-	329,285
Total Deferred Outflows		316,542		12,743		329,285
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	792,811	1,016,002	11,589	8,601	804,400	1,024,603
Noncurrent	1,713,022	4,026,319	 _	85,785	1,713,022	4,112,104
Total Liabilities	2,505,833	5,042,321	11,589	94,386	2,517,422	5,136,707
Deferred Inflows of Resource	s:					
Deferred amounts from pension	-	595,143	-	23,959	-	619,102
Total Deferred Inflows		595,143	-	23,959		619,102
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	52,097,441	56,737,188	61,356	(55,227)	52,158,797	56,681,961
Restricted	3,655,868	3,927,966	-	-	3,655,868	3,927,966
Unrestricted	12,655,980	11,286,140	9,183	(90,042)	12,665,163	11,196,098
Total Net Position	\$ 68,409,289	\$ 71,951,294	\$ 70,539	\$ (145,269)	\$ 68,479,828	\$ 71,806,025

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes of the Condensed Statement of Net Position for the year ending June 30, 2015.

- The increase in the restricted Net Position is mainly because of the revenues in the Capital Projects Fund exceeding expenditures, which is mainly due to revenues from Quimby fees collected during the year and few capital projects expenditures.
- The increase in total liabilities was primarily the result of the implementation of GASB 68.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2015

A summary of the District's Statement of Activities in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

Condensed Statement of Activities Fiscal Years June 30, 2014 and 2015

	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	e A	ctivities	Total		
	2014	2015	2014		2015	2014	2015	
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 10,054,588	\$ 10,491,640	\$ 331,735	\$	281,570	\$ 10,386,323	\$ 10,773,210	
Operating grants and contributions	725,610	778,471	-		-	725,610	778,471	
Capital contributions and grants	260,000	6,329,690	-			260,000	6,329,690	
	11,040,198	17,599,801	331,735		281,570	11,371,933	17,881,371	
General Revenues:								
Taxes and special assessments	1,308,567	1,345,181	-		-	1,308,567	1,345,181	
Investment earnings	446,435	471,954	-		-	446,435	471,954	
Miscellaneous	2,585,603	2,388,059			-	2,585,603	2,388,059	
	4,340,605	4,205,194			-	4,340,605	4,205,194	
Total Revenue	15,380,803	21,804,995	 331,735		281,570	15,712,538	22,086,565	
Expenses:								
Recreation and park activities	14,573,060	15,749,335	363,038		397,935	14,936,098	16,147,270	
Interest on long-term debt	44,142	43,495	-			44,142	43,495	
Total Expenses	14,617,202	15,792,830	 363,038		397,935	14,980,240	16,190,765	
Changes in Net Position	763,601	6,012,165	(31,303)		(116,365)	732,298	5,895,800	
Beginning Net Position	67,645,688	68,409,289	101,842		70,539	67,747,530	68,479,828	
Restatement of Net Postion*		(2,470,160)	-		(99,443)		(2,569,603)	
Ending Net Position	\$ 68,409,289	\$ 71,951,294	\$ 70,539	\$	(145,269)	\$ 68,479,828	\$ 71,806,025	

^{*}Fiscal Year 2015 Beginning Net Position restated due to changes required by GASB 68 accounting requirements discussed in this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes of the Condensed Statement of Activities for the year ending June 30, 2015.

- Charges for services showed a modest increase primarily due to the popularity of the programs offered by the District even with the sluggish economy.
- The increase in capital contributions and grant is due to park land accepted by the District from developers.
- Miscellaneous revenues decrease mainly due to the prior years revenue associated with the recycle water retrofit loan with the EMWD.
- Recreation and park activities expenses increased largely due to increased landscape maintenance, utilities and repair costs associated with adding streetscapes and parks such as Spencer's Crossing and the Crown Valley Extension.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2015

CAPITAL ASSETS

			Capi	tal As	sets at Year	r-En	d		
	Balance at							В	alance at
	June 30, 2014							Jur	ne 30, 2015
	Net of								Net of
	Accumulated					Cı	ırrent Year	Ac	cumulated
	Depreciation	I	ncreases	D	ecreases	D	epreciation	De	epreciation
Governmental Activities:									
Land	\$11,489,575	\$	1,428,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$1	2,917,575
Historical automobile	22,900		-		-		-		22,900
Construction in progress	185,648		11,933		(197,581)		-		-
Building and improvements	41,237,289		5,099,271		-		(1,621,958)	4	14,714,602
Equipment	26,487		6,427		-		(6,925)		25,989
Vehicles	81,073		-		_		(21,587)		59,486
	\$53,042,972	\$	6,545,631	\$	(197,581)	\$	(1,650,470)	\$5	57,740,552
Business-type Activities:									
Land	\$ 269,364	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	269,364
Building and improvements	749,614		-		-		(26,509)		723,105
Equipment	42,378		_				(5,074)		37,304
	\$ 1,061,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(31,583)	\$	1,029,773

As of June 30, 2015 the District's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation was \$57,740,552 and \$1,029,773 for Governmental and Business-type Activities respectively. The investment in capital assets includes land, site improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment. The capital assets are presented in the government – wide statement of net position. The District made improvements to several parks in the 2014-2015 fiscal year utilizing Quimby Funds, loan proceeds, donations, and in lieu land dedications and improvements from developers.

The planning process for new parks to be improved and dedicated to the District in fiscal year 2015-2016 include the completion of Exchange Park, Discovery Park, Mahogany Creek, El Dorado/Menifee Hills, Mosaic, Sweetwater Ranch, Kona II, Mahogany Hills and the continued installation of streetscapes throughout the District. These parks add over 25 acres of additional parkland.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At year end, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$18.6 million, which is an increase of \$1.5 million from the \$17.1 million at June 30, 2014.

- The general fund had a positive fund balance change of \$170,965 primarily due to the collection of funds from the dissolving of the local Redevelopment Agencies and the District's ongoing effort to maximize efficient operations and the Districts utility cost management. The change in fund balance is down from last year due to the costs associated with the District's biannual election of \$187,885.
- The capital projects fund had a positive fund balance change of \$ 226,198 primarily due to the recycle water retrofit project loan.

LONG - TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2015 the District had \$4,112,104 in noncurrent liabilities and \$114,223 of current portion of long term debt as reported in the statement of net position. The outstanding debt consists of one lease financing agreement with a bank, a loan with the Eastern Municipal Water District, the District's obligation to its employees for compensated absences, the Districts net OPEB obligation (note 8) and the Districts net pension liability (note 6). For more detailed information about the District's long term debt see note 3.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The 2015-2016 fiscal year will continue to prove to be a challenge. The District anticipates a minimal increase in tax revenues as housing values start to increase along with the continuing payments from the dissolution of the local Redevelopment Agencies.

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the District's customers, investors and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District General Manager at 901 W. Esplanade Avenue, San Jacinto, CA 92383.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

		Deimore Conserve	4
	-	Primary Governmen	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	Tr 1
LOGDING	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:	42.024.205		42.025.455
Cash and investments (Notes 1 and 2)	\$ 13,824,307	\$ 1,168	\$ 13,825,475
Accounts receivable	279,344	9,322	288,666
Taxes receivable	250,021	-	250,021
Intergovernmental receivable	148,464	-	148,464
Interest receivable	951	-	951
Inventories	-	5,070	5,070
Prepaid items	15,511	-	15,511
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments (Notes 1 and 2)	3,928,022	-	3,928,022
Interest receivable	44	-	44
T - 10	10.446.664	15.560	10.462.224
Total Current Assets	18,446,664	15,560	18,462,224
Noncurrent Assets:			
Internal balance	1,085,000	(1,085,000)	-
Capital Assets (Notes 1 and 4):	, ,		
Not being depreciated	12,940,475	269,364	13,209,839
Capital assets, net of depreciation	44,800,077	760,409	45,560,486
Total Capital Assets	57,740,552	1,029,773	58,770,325
Total Capital Floods	37,710,332	1,027,773	50,110,525
Total Noncurrent Assets	58,825,552	(55,227)	58,770,325
TOTAL ASSETS	77,272,216	(39,667)	77,232,549
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred amounts from Pension	316,542	12,743	329,285
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	316,542	12,743	329,285
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term debt, due within one year (Note 3) Current portion of compensated absences Restricted current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Deposits	855,967 114,223 45,712	8,601 - - -	864,568 114,223 45,712
Total Current Liabilities	1,016,002	8,601	1,024,603
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Long-term debt due in more than one year (Note 3)	889,141		889,141
Net OPEB obligation (Note 7)	945,623		945,623
Compensated absences (Note 3)	60,657	_	60,657
Net Pension Liability	2,130,898	85,785	2,216,683
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,026,319		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,020,319	85,785	4,112,104
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,042,321	94,386	5,136,707
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred amounts from Pension	595,143	23,959	619,102
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	595,143	23,959	619,102
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	56,737,188	(55,227)	56,681,961
Restricted for:		,	
Capital projects	3,927,966	-	3,927,966
Unrestricted	11,286,140	(90,042)	11,196,098
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 71,951,294	\$ (145,269)	\$ 71,806,025

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2015

					Progr	am Revenues		
					C	Operating		Capital
			(Charges for	G	rants and	(Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	C	ontributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	985,950	\$	-	\$	763,950	\$	-
Community services		409,348		-		14,521		-
Parks and recreation		5,006,952		931,081		-		6,329,690
Public works - landscape								
maintenance		9,347,085		9,560,559		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		43,495		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		15,792,830		10,491,640		778,471		6,329,690
Business-Type Activities:								
Golf		397,935		281,570		-		-
Total business-type activities		397,935		281,570		-		-
Total primary government	\$	16,190,765	\$	10,773,210	\$	778,471	\$	6,329,690
		-						(Continued)

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes Investment earnings In lieu fees Other revenues

Total General Revenues

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (Expense)/Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Primary Go			
Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
\$ (222,000)	\$	_	\$ (222,000)
(394,827)		-	(394,827)
2,253,819		-	2,253,819
213,474		-	213,474
(43,495)		-	(43,495)
1,806,971		-	1,806,971
 		_	
		(116,365)	(116,365)
 		(116,365)	 (116,365)
1,806,971		(116,365)	1,690,606
1,345,181		-	1,345,181
471,954		-	471,954
170,188		-	170,188
2,217,871			2,217,871
 4,205,194			4,205,194
6,012,165		(116,365)	5,895,800
 65,939,129		(28,904)	 65,910,225
\$ 71,951,294	\$	(145,269)	\$ 71,806,025

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

			Special Revenue Funds						
	General Fund		Menifee Landscape Maintenance District		Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District]	ench Valley Landscape Iaintenance District	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments (Notes 1 and 2) Restricted cash (Notes 1 and 2) Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds (Note 9) Interest receivable Prepaid items Advance to golf fund (Note 9)	\$	3,800,161 - 252,878 59,140 130,863 73,887 539 15,511	\$	1,704,318 - 10,501 18,182 3,399 2,234 120 -	\$	2,270,866 - - 8,977 - - 72 -	\$	4,723,724 10,000 15,965 26,053 11,459 - 200	
Total Assets	\$	4,332,979	\$	1,738,754	\$	2,279,915	\$	4,787,401	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Restricted deposits Due to other funds (Note 9)	\$	855,967 - 2,234	\$	- - 72,964	\$	- - -	\$	- 100 6,930	
Total Liabilities		858,201		72,964				7,030	
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Prepaid items Advances Restricted for:		15,511 -		- -		- -		- -	
Parks and recreation Assigned to:		-		1,665,790		2,279,915		4,780,371	
Landscape maintenance Unassigned		3,459,267		-		- -		<u>-</u>	
Total Fund Balances		3,474,778		1,665,790		2,279,915		4,780,371	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,332,979	\$	1,738,754	\$	2,279,915	\$	4,787,401 (Continued)	

 Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 3,918,022 - - - 65,000 44 -	\$	1,325,238 - - 12,085 2,743 - 20	\$ 13,824,307 3,928,022 279,344 124,437 148,464 141,121 995 15,511
\$ 1,085,000 5,068,066	\$	1,340,086	1,085,000 \$ 19,547,201
\$ <u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$ 855,967 100
 <u> </u>		58,993 58,993	997,188
		30,773	
1,085,000		-	15,511 1,085,000
3,983,066		-	12,709,142
 <u>-</u>		1,334,951 (53,858)	1,334,951 3,405,409
 5,068,066		1,281,093	18,550,013
\$ 5,068,066	\$	1,340,086	\$ 19,547,201

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ${\it June~30,2015}$

		Amount
Fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 18,550,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Accrued assets in the statement of net position differ from the amounts		
reported in governmental funds due to accrued property taxes		
received after the availability period.		125,584
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds (net of		
accumulated depreciation).		57,740,552
Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities are not		
due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not		
reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term,		
are reported in the statement of net position:		
2012 Lease Financing Agreement payable	(836,012)	
EMWD Retrofit Loan	(167,352)	
Compensated absences	(106,369)	(1,109,733)
The Net OPEB Obligation is not due and payable in the current period,		
and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet.		(945,623)
Pension related debt applicable to the District's governmental activites are not due and		
payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities.		
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		
are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as the changes in these amounts		
effect only the government-wide statements for governmental activities.		
Deferred outflows of resources	316,542	
Deferred inlows of resources	(595,143)	
Net pension liability	(2,130,898)	(2,409,499)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 71,951,294

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2015

		Special Revenue Funds					
	General Fund	Menifee Landscape Maintenance District	Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District	French Valley Landscape Maintenance District			
REVENUES: Taxes Revenues from use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services In lieu fees Other revenues	\$ 1,343,303 350,518 763,950 1,838,796 - 1,423,818	\$ - 32,632 - 2,114,870 - 5,760	\$ - 3,168 - 862,171 -	\$ - 76,186 - 4,270,728 - 10,330			
Total Revenues	5,720,385	2,153,262	865,339	4,357,244			
EXPENDITURES: General government Community services Parks and recreation Public works - landscape maintenance Capital outlay	779,929 - 2,668,445 1,952,493 -	286,798 1,548,525	- - - 757,037	271,433 3,591,078			
Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	109,519 39,034	25,148 4,461	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
Total Expenditures	5,549,420	1,864,932	757,037	3,862,511			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	170,965	288,330	108,302	494,733			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from long-term debt							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	170,965	288,330	108,302	494,733			
FUND BALANCES, July 1,	3,303,813	1,377,460	2,171,613	4,285,638			
FUND BALANCES, June 30,	\$ 3,474,778	\$ 1,665,790	\$ 2,279,915	\$ 4,780,371 (Continued)			

Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 8,05 - 37,98 170,18	14,521 1,367,096	\$ 1,343,303 471,954 778,471 10,491,642 170,188 2,217,871
216,22	2,160,972	15,473,429
- - - - 182,52'	409,348 - 1,555,291	779,929 409,348 3,226,676 9,404,424 182,529
-	- -	134,667 43,495
182,529	1,964,639	14,181,068
33,69	196,333	1,292,361
192,50		192,500
192,50		192,500
226,19	196,333	1,484,861
4,841,86	1,084,760	17,065,152
\$ 5,068,06	\$ 1,281,093	\$ 18,550,013

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Amount
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,484,861
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital assets acquisitions as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are		
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital assets acquired:		
Purchased directly by the District	18,360	
Capital assets donated to the District	6,329,690	
Depreciation expense	(1,650,469)	4.697.581
Depreciation expense	(1,030,107)	1,057,501
Taxes and special assessment revenues in the statement of		
activities differ from the amounts reported in governmental		
funds due to accrued property taxes received after the sixty		
days recording criteria for governmental funds.		1,876
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources		
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-		
term liabilities consumes current financial resources of governmental		
funds. However, these transactions have no effect on net position:		
Principal payments	134,667	
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	(192,500)	
Net decrease in compensated absences payable	11,541	(46,292)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(14,-7-)
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required		
contributions. In the Statement of Activities, pension expense includes the change		
in the net pension liability, and related change in pension amounts for deferred		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		60,661
OPEB expense is recognized when paid in the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balances, and recognized when		
incurred in the statement of activities.		(186,522)
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,012,165

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2015

	Golf Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1 and 2) Accounts Receivable Inventories	\$ 1,168 9,322 5,070
Total Current Assets	 15,560
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets (Notes 1 and 4) Not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation	 269,364 760,409
Total Noncurrent Assets	 1,029,773
TOTAL ASSETS	 1,045,333
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts from pension TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 12,743 12,743
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 8,601
Total Current Liabilities	 8,601
Noncurrent liabilities: Loan payable (Note 9b) Net Pension Liability	1,085,000 85,785
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 1,170,785
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 1,179,386
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 23,959 23,959
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	 (55,227) (90,042)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (145,269)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Golf Fund
OPERATING REVENUES: Golf Revenue	\$ 281,570
Total Operating Revenues	281,570
OPERATING EXPENSES: Parks and Recreation Public Works-Landscape Maintenance Depreciation	184,217 179,635 31,583
Total Operating Expenses	395,435
OPERATING LOSS	(113,865)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense	(2,500)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses), Net	(2,500)
Change In Net Position	(116,365)
Net position at beginning of year as restated	(28,904)
Net position at end of year	\$ (145,269)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended June 30, 2015

	 Golf Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 283,003
Cash payments for services and supplies	 (371,779)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	 (88,776)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from loan payable	85,000
Interest payments	 (2,500)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 82,500
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,276)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 7,444
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,168
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (113,865)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	31,583
GASB 68 Adjustment to Pension Expense	(2,441)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,433
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(2,498)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	 (2,988)
Total Adjustments	 25,089
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (88,776)

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

June 30, 2015

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a. Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity "Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District" includes the accounts of the District, the Menifee Landscape Maintenance District (MLMD), the Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District (MNLMD), the French Valley Landscape Maintenance District (FVLMD), the Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District (MSLMD), the Rivercrest Landscape Maintenance District (RLMD), the Winchester/Hunter Road Landscape Maintenance District (W/HRLMD), the Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District (WLMD), the Valley-Wide Recreation Foundation (Foundation), and the Golf Course (GC).

The Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District was incorporated on July 27, 1972 under the statutory authority of the State of California Public Resources Code Section 5780 as a recreation and park district in eastern Riverside County, California.

The MLMD, MNLMD, FVLMD, MSLMD, RLMD, W/HRLMD and WLMD were formed under the State of California Streets and Highway Code Sections 22500 through 22509 to provide landscape maintenance and park development in special assessment districts in eastern Riverside County, California. Separate financial statements are not issued for these entities.

The Foundation was incorporated on September 29, 1980 as a nonprofit public benefit corporation under the State of California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law. The Foundation was organized for the purposes of rendering assistance to Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District by acquiring, constructing, and financing recreation and park improvements, buildings, and the acquisition of land and related facilities for the use, benefit and enjoyment of the public. Separate financial statements are not issued for this entity.

The Echo Hills Golf Course was purchased by Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District during fiscal year 2012 and is accounted for as a Proprietary Fund using the full accrual basis of accounting.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District and its component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. The District is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the District is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent upon the District (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the District). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that their exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, the component units of the District are the MLMD, MNLMD, FVLMD, MSLMD, RLMD, W/HRLMD, WLMD, GC, and the Foundation.

Since the District's Board of Directors serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the District's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the District's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government.

a. Reporting Entity (Continued):

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Net position of the District is classified into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u>— This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District receives funding from Quimby Fees which are accounted for in the capital projects fund. Quimby Fee expenditures are restricted in use by the Quimby Act of 1975. Revenues guaranteed through the Quimby Act cannot be used for the operation and maintenance of park facilities.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> – This classification includes amounts to be used by the government, authorized by the Board of Directors, for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

In the government-wide statements, the District considers restricted funds to be spent first then unrestricted funds when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. In the governmental funds, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources. When committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available for use, expenses are considered to be paid first from committed, then from assigned, and then unassigned.

The accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the District's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However debt service payments (principal and interest) unpaid vacation, compensatory time and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and availability criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation consistent with GASB Statement No. 34. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The Menifee Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of the Menifee Landscape Maintenance District.

The Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of the Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District.

The French Valley Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of The French Valley Landscape Maintenance District.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued):

The **Capital Projects Fund** accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **Golf Fund** accounts for operation and maintenance of the District's golf course which is funded by user charges.

The District's fund structure also includes non-major special revenue funds which are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) fees and charges to customers, applicants, and citizens; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General revenues include all taxes. Program revenues and expenditures are classified by function. Each function is defined as a major department with a department head and separate budget.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary fund are charges to customers for golf services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

d. New Accounting Pronouncements:

GASB Current Year Standards:

In fiscal year 2014-2015, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71 - "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. For defined benefit pension plans, these Statements identify the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

Accounting changes adopted to confirm to the provisions of these statements should be applied retroactively. The result of the implementation of these standards decreased the net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities at July 1, 2014 by \$2,470,160 and \$99,443, respectively.

GASB Statement No. 69 – "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations" was required to be implemented in the current fiscal year and did not impact the District.

d. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued):

GASB Pending Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued the following statements which may impact the District's financial reporting requirements in the future.

- GASB 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015.
- GASB 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015 except for those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.
- GASB 74 "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.
- GASB 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB 76 "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have been defined as demand deposits and highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

f. Investments:

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as revenues from use of money and property. Revenues from use of money and property include interest earnings, any gains or losses realized upon liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. There are no significant differences between fair value and cost at June 30, 2015.

The District pools investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as investments. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds on a quarterly basis, based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

Investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof, see Note 2).

g. Receivables and Payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds".

Management estimates all receivables at June 30, 2015 to be collectable, as any receivables deemed uncollectable have been written off.

h. Compensated Absences:

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time used or upon termination of employment. In the government-wide financial statements the cost of vacation pay is recorded as a liability when incurred. Compensated absences are expected to be paid primarily by the general fund.

i. Claims and Judgments:

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the District records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. At June 30, 2015, in the opinion of the District's Counsel, the District had no material claims which would require loss provision in the financial statements, including losses for claims which are Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR). Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid, if any.

j. Property Taxes:

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the governmental entities based on complex formulas. Accordingly, the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District accrues only those taxes, which are received within 60 days after year-end.

Lien Date January 1 Levy Date July 1

Due Dates November 1 and February 1
Delinquent Dates December 11 and April 11

k. Capital Assets:

The District's capital assets that have an estimated useful life greater than one year are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Construction in progress costs are capitalized and transferred to their respective fixed asset category upon completion of the project. The District's policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets as follows:

Buildings	\$ 50,000
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 25,000
Equipment (except vehicles)	\$ 10,000
Equipment and vehicles	\$ 5,000

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	25 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-20 years

1. COBRA Benefits:

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the District provides healthcare benefits to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium plus a 2% administration fee is paid in full by the insured on or before the tenth (10th) day of the month for the actual month covered. This program is offered for a duration of 18 months after the termination date. There is no associated cost to the District under this program, and there were no participants in the program as of June 30, 2015.

m. Restricted Assets:

Certain current liabilities have been classified as current liabilities payable from restricted assets as they will be funded from restricted assets.

n. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is the deferred outflow related to pensions. This amount is equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is a deferred inflow related to pensions resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plan fiduciary net position. This amount is amortized over five years.

The second item is a deferred inflow related to pensions for the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plans determined as of June 30, 2013 (the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2014), which is 3.8 years.

o. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

p. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and investments at June 30, 2015, are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

	 Total
Statement of Net Position:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 13,825,475
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 3,928,022
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 17,753,497
Cash and investments at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 17,163,801
Cash on hand	770
Investments	 588,926
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 17,753,497

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy:</u>

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	
		Amount or	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Allowed	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances Notes	180 days	40%	None
State of California Notes or Bonds	5 years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Riverside County Investment Pool	N/A	None	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	20%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$50,000,000	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	20%

N/A = Not Applicable

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, U.S. Treasury Obligations, U.S. Government Sponsored Entities, Certificates of Deposits, Commercial Paper, Local Agency Bonds, Banker's Acceptance, Money Market Mutual Funds, Investment Contracts and Repurchase Agreements. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
		12	12 Months or		to 24	25 t	o 60	
Investment Type		Less		Months		Mo	nths	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 478,117	\$	478,117	\$	-	\$	-	
Riverside County Investment Pool	110,809		110,809		-		-	
Total	\$ 588,926	\$	588,926	\$	-	\$	-	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type:

Investment Type		Minimum Legal Rating	Not Required To Be Rated	AAA	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund Riverside County Investment Pool	\$ 478,117 110,809	N/A N/A	\$ - -	\$ - 110,809	\$ 478,117
Total	\$ 588,926		\$ -	\$110,809	\$478,117

N/A = Not Applicable

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of and during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District had no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of total District investments.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2015, \$17,208,738 of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federally depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

Riverside County Investment Pool:

The District is a voluntary participant in the Riverside County Investment Pool that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by Riverside County Investment Pool for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that pool). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the Riverside County Investment, which are recorded on an amortized costs basis.

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF):

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized costs basis.

3. LONG-TERM DEBT:

A summary of changes in the long-term debt of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance ne 30, 2014	A	dditions	D	eletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2015	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	0 011			441110115		<u> </u>	0 01	30,2010	 7110 1 001
EWMD Retrofit Loan	\$	_	\$	192,500	\$	25,148	\$	167,352	\$ _
2012 Financing Agreement		945,531		, -		109,519		836,012	114,223
Compensated Absences		117,909				11,540		106,369	 45,712
Totals	\$	1,063,440	\$	192,500	\$	146,207	\$	1,109,733	\$ 159,935

As of June 30, 2015 there was no long-term debt outstanding for the business-type activities other than the loan from the General Fund (see note 9b). The annual requirements to amortize the District's 2012 Lease Financing agreement at June 30, 2015, not including compensated absences, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest		Total
2016	\$	114,223	\$	34,330	\$	148,553
2017		119,129		29,424		148,553
2018		124,246		24,307		148,553
2019		129,583		18,970		148,553
2020		135,148		13,405		148,553
2021-2022		213,683		9,145		222,829
Total	<u>\$</u>	836,012	\$	129,581	<u>\$</u>	965,593

There is not an amortization schedule for the Retrofit Loan as loan repayments are not consistent.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT

3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

Compensated Absences:

Unpaid vacation leave

\$ 106,369

2012 Lease Financing Agreement:

On October 27, 2012 the District entered into a lease financing agreement with Citizens Business Bank (as assignee from the Municipal Finance Corporation as assignor) for financing purposes for the construction of a restroom/concession building. The lease financing agreement requires semi-annual payments of \$74,276 on June 27 and December 27 of each year starting June 27, 2012, through December 27, 2021 at an annual fixed interest rate of 4.25%. Capital assets acquired through the lease consisted of a concession/restroom with a value of \$1,538,652 less accumulated depreciation of \$46,160.

836,012

Eastern Municipal Water District Retrofit Loan

On September 26, 2013, the District entered into an agreement with Eastern Municipal Water District to aid in financing the reconstruction of the Wheatfield Park from using potable water to recycled water. The principal amount not to exceed \$192,500, will be paid off over a ten year period at the greater of 3% or the Prime Rate.

167,352

Total Long-Term Debt \$1,109,733

4. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance June, 30, 2014	Additions	Deletions & Completed Construction	Balance June 30, 2015	
Governmental activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 11,489,575	\$ 1,428,000	\$ -	\$ 12,917,575	
Historical automobile	22,900	-	-	22,900	
Construction in progress	185,648	11,933	197,581		
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	11,698,123	1,439,933	197,581	12,940,475	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Building and improvements	54,534,814	5,099,271	-	59,634,085	
Equipment	201,590	6,427	-	208,017	
Vehicles	345,897			345,897	
Subtotal	55,082,301	5,105,698		60,187,999	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Building and improvements	(13,297,525)	(1,621,958)	-	(14,919,483)	
Equipment	(175,103)	(6,925)	-	(182,028)	
Vehicles	(264,824)	(21,587)		(286,411)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,737,452)	(1,650,470)		(15,387,922)	
Net Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	41,344,849	3,455,228		44,800,077	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 53,042,972	\$ 4,895,161	\$ 197,581	\$ 57,740,552	

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance June, 30, 2014		Additions		Deletions & Completed Construction		Balance June 30, 2015	
Business-type activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	269,364	\$		\$	-	\$	269,364
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		269,364						269,364
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Building and improvements		795,299		-		-		795,299
Equipment		50,743			,			50,743
Subtotal		846,042						846,042
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Building and improvements		(45,685)		(26,509)		-		(72,194)
Equipment		(8,365)		(5,074)		-		(13,439)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(54,050)		(31,583)				(85,633)
Net Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		791,992		(31,583)				760,409
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,061,356	\$	(31,583)	\$	-	\$	1,029,773

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 31,040
Parks and recreation	1,616,107
Public works – landscape maintenance	3,322
Total Depreciation Expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,650,469</u>
Business-type Activities:	
Golf	<u>\$ 31,583</u>
Total Depreciation Expense – business-type activities	<u>\$ 31,583</u>

5. INSURANCE JOINT POWERS AGENCY:

The District is a member of the California Association for Park and Recreation Indemnity (CAPRI), a joint powers agency comprised of California Special Districts. Each member District pays for its proportionate share of its individually contracted insurance coverage. The District is insured against claims and judgments for public liability and workers' compensation with insurance coverage as follows:

	Insurance		Excess Coverage Per Occurrence
<u> </u>	Per	Occurrence	Over Insurance Retention
General liability (including Automobile) Public Officials & Employee	\$	1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 24,000,000 \$ 24,000,000
Workers' Compensation	\$ \$	350,000	State Statutory Limits

Under the terms of the District's agreement, CAPRI acts as servicing agent in administering the workers' compensation claims program. Settled claims have not exceeded any of the District's coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years and there were no reductions in the District's insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's insurance coverage with CAPRI also includes general liability (casualty), automotive, property and excess umbrella liability. There is no deductible on the General and Automobile liability insurance or workers compensation. There is a \$5,000 deductible for employment liability claims.

The District has an all-risk property loss coverage including Boiler and Machinery coverage, which has a limit of \$1,000,000,000 per occurrence shared by the membership with an excess limit of \$100,000,000. There is a \$2,000 deductible per occurrence payable by the District.

In addition, the District has flood and earthquake insurance coverage with an annual aggregate limit of \$10,000,000 and \$5,000,000, respectively. The deductible for all loss or damage arising from the risks of flood is \$20,000. The deductible for all loss or damage arising from the risk of earthquake is \$50,000 per occurrence or 5% of the value of the building, contents and/or structure damaged, whichever is greater.

6. PENSION PLANS

a. General Information about the Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's 2.5% at 55 (Tier 1 Miscellaneous Plan), the 2.0% at 60 (Tier 2 Miscellaneous Plan), and 2.0% at 62 (PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age fifty (50) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after five (5) years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous					
	Tier 1	Tier 2	PEPRA			
	Plan	Plan	Plan			
Benefit formula	2.5%@55	2%@60	2%@62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50-55	50-63	52-67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% to 2.500%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%			
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	6.25%			
Required employer contribution rates	17.235%	8.005%	6.250%			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT

6. PENSION PLANS (Continued):

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of all Plans as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension			
		Liability		
Tier 1 Miscellaneous Plan	\$	2,213,622		
Tier 2 Miscellaneous Plan		3,061		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	2,216,683		

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all Plans as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

	Tier 1	Tier 1
	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
	Plan	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.087299%	0.000128%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.089566%	0.000124%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.002267%	-0.000004%

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued):

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$266,183. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	(Outflows	I	nflows
	of	Resources	of R	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	•	329,285	\$	_
Differences between actual and expected experience	Ψ	<i>327,263</i> -	Ψ	-
Change in assumptions		-		-
Change in employer's proportion and differences				
between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate share of contributions		-		(4,705)
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		-		(614,397)
Total	\$	329,285	\$	(619,102)

\$329,285 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year		
Ending		
June 30,	Amo	unt
2016	\$ (1	55,280)
2017	(1	55,280)
2018	(1	54,943)
2019	(1	53,599)
2020		-
Thereafter		_

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued):

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Tier 1	Tier 2
	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
	Plan	Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal	Entry-Age Normal
	Cost Method	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.50%	7.50%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)	7.5% (2)
Mortality	(3)	(3)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) The probabilities of mortality are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50% will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued):

Discount Rate (Continued)

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as a change in the methodology occurs.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New	Real Return	Real Return
	Strategic	Years	Years
Asset Class	Allocation	1 - 10 (a)	11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued):

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all Plans, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		-	Tier 2			
	Miscellaneous			Miscellaneous		
			Plan			
1% Decrease		6.50%		6.50%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,691,925	\$	5,455		
Current Discount Rate		7.50%		7.50%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,213,622	\$	3,061		
1% Increase		8.50%		8.50%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	986,770	\$	1,075		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

c. Payable to the Pension Plan:

At June 30, 2015, the District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, (DPHP), provides medical benefits to eligible retired District employees and some beneficiaries. The District DPHP has two classifications of employees for purposes of determining benefits. Specifically, for employees classified as administrative staff, the District provides health insurance for its retired employees and their dependent spouses (if married and covered on the District's plan at time of retirement), or survivors in accordance with Board resolutions. For employees classified as Miscellaneous/Clerical, the District provides health insurance for its retired employees. Medical coverage is provided for retired employees who are age 55 or over and who have a minimum of 5 years service with CalPERS system as long as such individuals retire from the District within 120 days of separation from the employment with the District and receive a monthly retirement allowance.

The District pays 100% of all premiums of the plan members under the health benefit plan administered by CalPERS in which the individual is able to select, on an annual basis, an insurance carrier from a number of insurance carriers. Medical coverage is provided for the surviving spouse of retires employees and the surviving spouse of active employees who upon death had attained age 55 and who had a minimum of 5 years service with the CalPERS system in addition to satisfying the requirement to retire within 120 days of separation. The District will pay 100% of the premiums charged until the surviving spouse remarries, becomes enrolled under another group health plan, or cancels coverage. When the plan member is eligible for Medicare the District pays 100% of the Medicare supplemental. The plan does not provide a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors. DPHP members receiving benefits contribute based on their selected plan options. The District makes all contributions of the plan members. The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The District's annual Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The current ARC rate is 7.35% off the annual covered payroll.

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2015, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution	\$	246,839
Interest on net OPEB obligation	Ψ	30,364
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		(43,899)
Annual OPEB Cost		233,304
Contributions Made		(46,782)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		186,522
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year		759,101
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	<u>\$</u>	945,623

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR CERBT

Fiscal Year	nual OPEB ost (AOC)	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	. <u> </u>	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/13	\$ 240,041	21.35%	\$	570,063
6/30/14	\$ 236,675	20.13%	\$	759,101
6/30/15	\$ 233,304	20.05%	\$	945,623

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 1,777,079
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,777,079
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0.0%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 3,357,458 52.89%

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return, net of administrative expenses. The District's projected healthcare cost trend rate is 5.00% per annum graded down in approximately one percent increments at an ultimate rate of 5.00%. The District's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over an open 30-year period. The District's projected salary increase was 0%. Inflation was projected at 2.75%. The average remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012 was 30 years. The asset valuation method is using a 15 year smoothed market value basis.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and on the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Grant Audit Contingencies:

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. District management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Litigation:

At June 30, 2015 the District is a defendant in certain legal actions in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, any liability resulting from these actions will not result in a material adverse effect on the District's financial position.

City of Menifee Agreement:

On July 1, 2014, the District and the City of Menifee entered into a professional services agreement for the management of the City's Community Center, the Senior Center, as well as a few city parks. The agreement called for the District to be reimbursed by the City for all labor and expenses Valley-Wide incurred while maintaining and operating the aforementioned City centers and parks. The contract was for a one year term with an optional two year extension. The District did not extend the contract, ending the agreement 6/30/2015.

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:

a. Individual interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds		Due To ther Funds
General Fund to other governmental funds – Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund General Fund to other governmental funds – Menifee North	\$ 53,858	\$	-
Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	5,134		-
General Fund to other governmental funds – French Valley Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund General Fund to other governmental funds – Menifee Landscape	6,930		-
Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	7,965		-
General Fund from other governmental funds – Menifee Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	 		2,234
Total General Fund	73,887		2,234
Menifee Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund From Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund to Menifee Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	-		65,000
French Valley Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund From General Fund	65,000		6,930
Other governmental funds – Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund from General Fund Menifee Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	-		5,134
From the General Fund	-		7,965
Menifee Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund to The General Fund Other governmental funds – Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District	2,234		-
Special Revenue Fund from General Fund	 <u>-</u>		53,858
Total All Funds	\$ 141,121	\$	141,121

The above interfund transfers were for short-term borrowings for operations.

b. Advance to Golf Fund:

The Golf Fund was issued a 5-year loan by the Capital Projects fund in June 2013 of up to \$1,000,000 for the funding of various capital projects to the Echo Hills Golf Course. On June 15, 2015, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of an additional \$85,000 loan from the General Fund to the Echo Hills Enterprise Fund. The loan will be financed by user charges at Echo Hills and repayments are scheduled to start by June 30, 2017. This is reflected on the Statement of Net Position as an internal balance. The balance as of June 30, 2015 is \$1,085,000. There is currently no repayment schedule for this loan.

10. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued):

At June 30, 2015, Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund had a negative fund balance of \$53,858. Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund's negative fund balance resulted from operating expenditures in the past five years exceeding revenues that are not expected to continue in future years. In the future, the District expects a surplus that will eliminate the negative fund balance.

11. INTEREST EXPENSE:

Interest expense during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$44,495.

12. COMMUNITY CENTER:

On May 17, 2011, the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District entered into a lease agreement with the County of Riverside (County). The agreement states that the County will convey its ownership interest in a 12-acre community and childcare center (Center) located at 25625 Briggs Road, Menifee, CA on real property currently owned by the County to the District after a forty-nine (49) year lease period. The agreement calls for an annual payment of \$1 per year of the lease. The District has the option to purchase the Center for \$1 at the end of the lease. The District agrees to operate and maintain the Center's community center, childcare facility and park area. Operation and maintenance will be at the sole cost and expense of the District. In the event the Center is abandoned or no longer used in accordance with the agreement, the Center will revert back to the County unless alternate use is approved by the County.

13. ELLER PARK:

On April 6, 2010, the Park District entered into an agreement with the County of Riverside for the maintenance and operation of Eller Park 25926 Antelope Road in Menifee. All operations at the park will be managed by the District and any and all fees collected for the services and programs shall be retained by the District. This 5-acre park has a wide variety of amenities including a lighted ball field, outdoor basketball courts, running/jogging track, playground equipment and restroom facilities. Eller Park will service the residents in the Romoland, Homeland and Menifee area. In the event the park is abandoned or no longer used in accordance with the agreement, the park will revert back to the County unless alternate use is approved by the County. The agreement states that if and when a notice of completion is approved by the County of Riverside Board of Supervisors for a CALTrans connection, the County will convey its ownership interest in the property to the District. This property has not been conveyed to the District as of June 30, 2015.

14. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Restatements of the Government-Wide Financials Statements' net position as of July 1, 2014 are as follows:

	_	overnmental Acitivities	iness-Type ctivities	Total
Net Position at July 1 2014 as originally reported	\$	68,409,289	\$ 70,539	\$ 68,479,828
Implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71 to record pension liability at beginning of year		(2,470,160)	(99,443)	(2,569,603)
Net Position at July 1, 2014, as restated	\$	65,939,129	\$ (28,904)	\$ 65,910,225

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events occurring after June 30, 2015 have been evaluated for possible adjustments to the financial statements or disclosures as of February 18, 2016, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	 2015
Tier 1 Miscellaneous Plan	
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03557%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,213,622
Plan's covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,835,679
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	120.59%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	80.13%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 241,474
Tier 2 Miscellaneous Plan	
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00005%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,061
Plan's covered - employee payroll	\$ 244,963
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	1.25%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	80.03%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 405

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	 2015	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 292,330	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 292,330	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 2,080,642	
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	14.05%	

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date 6/30/2012

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Cost-sharing employers Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 30 year fixed with 5 year ramp up at beginning and 5 year ramp down at the

end of the amortization period. Changes in liability for plan amendments, changes in actuarial methodology and assumptions are amortized over a 20

year period.

Asset valuation method Market Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service, and type of employment Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 50 years (2.5%@55 and 2%@60), 52 years (2%@62)

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most

recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board, first used in the June 30, 2009 valuation. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include 5 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries until June 30, 2010. There is no margin for future mortality improvement beyond the

valuation date.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, GENERAL FUND For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					Var	Variance with	
	Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	\$ 3,303,813	\$	3,303,813	\$	3,303,813	\$		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):								
Taxes	1,379,500		1,379,500		1,343,303		(36,197)	
Revenues from use of money and property	375,000		375,000		350,518		(24,482)	
Intergovernmental revenues	500,000		650,000		763,950		113,950	
Charges for services	2,077,000		1,890,000		1,838,796		(51,204)	
Other revenues	 1,307,374		1,409,374		1,423,818		14,444	
Amount Available For Appropriations	 5,638,874		5,703,874		5,720,385		16,511	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS								
(OUTFLOWS):								
General government	926,871		926,871		779,929		146,942	
Parks and recreation	2,672,566		2,672,566		2,668,445		4,121	
Public works - landscape maintenance	1,859,565		1,859,565		1,952,493		(92,928)	
Debt service - principal	109,519		109,519		109,519		-	
Debt service - interest	 39,034		39,034		39,034			
Total Charges to Appropriations	 5,607,555		5,607,555		5,549,420		58,135	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 31,319		96,319		170,965		74,646	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 3,335,132	\$	3,400,132	\$	3,474,778	\$	74,646	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, MENIFEE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with	
	Original Final		Actual	Final Budget	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	\$ 1,377,460	\$ 1,377,460	\$ 1,377,460	\$ -	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):					
Revenues from use of money and property	18,750	18,750	32,632	13,882	
Charges for services	2,216,250	2,180,250	2,114,870	(65,380)	
Other revenues	1,000	1,000	5,760	4,760	
Amount Available For Appropriations	2,236,000	2,200,000	2,153,262	(46,738)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):					
Parks and recreation	423,794	423,794	286,798	136,996	
Public works - landscape maintenance	1,703,936	1,703,936	1,548,525	155,411	
Debt service - principal	-	-	25,148	-	
Debt service - interest			4,461		
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,127,730	2,127,730	1,864,932	292,407	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	108,270	72,270	288,330	245,669	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 1,485,730	\$ 1,449,730	\$ 1,665,790	\$ 245,669	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, MENIFEE SOUTH LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	\$ 2,171,613	\$ 2,171,613	\$ 2,171,613	\$ -	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):					
Revenues from use of money and property	10,000	10,000	3,168	(6,832)	
Charges for services	865,000	865,000	862,171	(2,829)	
Amount Available For Appropriations	875,000	875,000	865,339	(9,661)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):					
Public works - landscape maintenance	862,178	862,178	757,037	105,141	
Total Charges to Appropriations	862,178	862,178	757,037	105,141	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	12,822	12,822	108,302	95,480	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 2,184,435	\$ 2,184,435	\$ 2,279,915	\$ 95,480	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, FRENCH VALLEY LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	\$ 4,285,638	\$ 4,285,638	\$ 4,285,638	\$ -	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):					
Revenues from use of money and property	80,500	80,500	76,186	(4,314)	
Charges for services	4,015,500	4,015,500	4,270,728	255,228	
Other revenues	4,000	4,000	10,330	6,330	
Amount Available For Appropriations	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,357,244	257,244	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):					
Parks and recreation	858,040	858,040	271,433	586,607	
Public works - landscape maintenance	3,175,750	3,175,750	3,591,078	(415,328)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,033,790	4,033,790	3,862,511	171,279	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	66,210	66,210	494,733	428,523	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 4,351,848	\$ 4,351,848	\$ 4,780,371	\$ 428,523	

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

- 1) The annual budget adopted by the Board of Directors provides for the general operation of the District. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) The Board of Directors approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the year. This "appropriated budget" covers substantially all District expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bond issues and capital improvement projects, which expenditures constitute legally-authorized "non-appropriated budget". There were no significant non-budgeted financial activities. Actual expenditures may exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. However, the District's general manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between individual departments. Budget figures used in the financial statements are the final adjusted amounts, including any amendments to the budget during the year.
- 3) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Appropriations which are encumbered at year end lapse, and then are added to the following year's budgeted appropriations. However, encumbrances at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance. There were no encumbrances at June 30, 2015.
- 4) Budget information is adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds and presented only for the general fund and major special revenue funds as required supplemental information. The presentation represents original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations, if any, made during the year. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Schedule of Funding Progress for OPEB

	Α	tuarial	Actuarial		Unfunded Actuarial		A marra 1	UAAL as a				
A - 4 1					Annual	Percentage						
Actuarial	va	lue of	Accrued	Accrued		Accrued		Accrued		Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Plar	Assets	Liability	Liability (UAAL) (b-a)		Ratio	Payroll	Payroll ((b-a)/c)				
Date		(a)	 (b)			(a/b)	(c)					
7/1/2012	\$	-	\$ 1,777,079	\$	1,777,079	0.00%	\$ 3,357,458	52.93%				
7/1/2011		-	1,777,079		1,777,079	0.00%	2,912,708	61.01%				

^{*} GASB 45 was implemented prospectively in fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

			Special Revenue Funds					
	Valley-Wide Outreach Services		Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District		Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District		La Mai	vercrest ndscape intenance District
ASSETS:								
Cash and investments (Notes 1 and 2)	\$	-	\$	1,157,503	\$	-	\$	30,117
Accounts receivable		-		2,743		-		-
Taxes receivable		-		10,486		-		429
Interest receivable				20		-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	1,170,752	\$	-	\$	30,546
LIABILITIES:								
Due to other funds (Note 10)	\$		\$	5,135	\$	53,858	\$	
Total Liabilities			_	5,135		53,858		
FUND BALANCE:								
Assigned to:								
Landscape maintenance		-		1,165,616		-		30,546
Unassigned						(53,858)		
Total Fund Balance				1,165,616	-	(53,858)		30,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	1,170,751	\$		\$	30,546
							((Continued)

(Continued)

nester/Hunter				Total
andscape	C	ity of	Other	
intenance	M	enifee	Go	vernmental
District	Agr	eement		Funds
137,618	\$	-	\$	1,325,238
-		-		2,743
1,170		-		12,085
-		-		20
120 700	¢		¢	1,340,086
136,766	Ф	<u> </u>	.	1,340,000
	\$		\$	58,993
_		_		58,993
				30,773
138,789		-		1,334,951
-				(53,858)
138,789		_		1,281,093
138,789	\$	_	\$	1,340,086
	137,618 - 1,170 - 138,788	andscape	137,618	City of Menifee Go

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Valley-Wide Outreach Services	Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District	Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District	Rivercrest Landscape Maintenance District	
REVENUES: Revenues from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 1,293	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ - 14,521	\$ 1,293	\$ - -	5 -	
Charges for services	14,321	1,259,555	-	35,925	
Other revenues	25,402	27,729			
Total Revenues	39,923	1,288,577		35,925	
EXPENDITURES:					
Community services	39,923	-	-	-	
Public works - landscape maintenance		1,134,515	7,795	16,965	
Total Expenditures	39,923	1,134,515	7,795	16,965	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		154,062	(7,795)	18,960	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out					
Bond proceeds	-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	-	154,062	(7,795)	18,960	
FUND BALANCES, July 1,		1,011,554	(46,063)	11,586	
FUND BALANCES, June 30,	\$ -	\$ 1,165,616	\$ (53,858)	\$ 30,546	
				(Continued)	

(Continued)

Winch	nester/Hunter				Total	
L	Landscape		City of	Other		
Ma	aintenance		Menifee	Go	vernmental	
	District	A	greement		Funds	
	<u> </u>		_			
\$	99	\$		\$	1,392	
\$	99	Э	-	Ф	1,392	
	71,616		-		1,367,096	
	/1,010		724,832		777,963	
	<u> </u>		124,832		111,903	
	71,715		724,832		2,160,972	
	_		369,425		409,348	
	40,609		355,407		1,555,291	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
	40,609		724,832		1,964,639	
	31,106		_		196,333	
	-		_		_	
			-		-	
	31,106		-		196,333	
	107,683		_		1,084,760	
	,				,,,	
\$	138,789	\$		\$	1,281,093	